[Rev1: 30 November 09]

Advancing work on adaptation to climate change A UN system perspective

Draft Policy Brief

ANNEXES

<u>UN system resources and good practices</u> <u>in support of adaptation to climate change</u>

A. Planning and implementation mechanisms

B. Priority issue areas

C. Background: The UN system and climate change

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CEB CLIMATE CHANGE ACTION FRAMEWORK

<u>Five focus areas and four cross-cutting areas</u> have been identified in response to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change negotiation process and in pursuance of the broader mandates and capacities in the United Nations system, with corresponding convening agencies to ensure better coordination of concrete deliverables as follows:

Focus area Convening agency

Adaptation High-level Committee on Programmes, collectively

Technology transfer UNIDO, UN-DESA Reduction of emissions from UNDP, FAO, UNEP

deforestation and degradation

(REDD)

Financing mitigation and UNDP, World Bank Group

adaptation action

Capacity-building

UNDP, UNEP

Cross-cutting area

Climate knowledge: science,

assessment, monitoring and

early warning

WMO, UNESCO

Supporting global, regional

and national action

UN-DESA, UN Regional Commissions, UNDP,

Climate-neutral UN UNEP

Public awareness-raising United Nations Communications Group, UNEP

<u>Increased synergies</u>. Programmatic work at the headquarters level through the High-level Committee on Programmes (HLCP) is connected to United Nations system activities at the country level through the United Nations Development Group (UNDG) and the individual United Nations country teams. The United Nations regional commissions correspondingly work at the regional level, while the secretariat of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change serves as the link to the global climate change negotiation process.

<u>Online inventory of United Nations system activities on climate change</u> developed, both as an information resource and a planning tool (accessible at http://www.un.org/climatechange/projectsearch).

<u>Online portal</u>, "Gateway to the UN System's Work on Climate Change" (http://www.un.org/climatechange), which provides access to the publication entitled *Acting on Climate Change: The United Nations System Delivering as One* and links to individual agency climate change pages.

<u>Knowledge management website</u> for use by United Nations staff, delegates and outside experts dealing with climate change, established in cooperation with the International Institute for Sustainable Development (http://www.climate-l.org).

The UN system and adaptation

The UN system Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CEB), in its decision of 28 April 2008, identified adaptation as one of five areas of focus for UN system-wide work on climate change, in response to the UNFCCC negotiation process and in pursuance of the broader mandates and capabilities in the UN system.

Work related to adaptation is already being carried out under a number of sectors identified at earlier stages of the CEB coordination exercise, including agriculture and fisheries; disaster risk reduction; education; forestry; health; information and communication technologies; oceans; land degradation and desertification; population and human settlements; tourism; water. Adaptation is also to some extent addressed by work done under other CEB focus or cross-cutting areas, such as capacity building; finance; supporting global, regional and national action; climate knowledge; and public awareness raising (see above).

The HLCP Working Group on Climate Change is collectively responsible for convening/coordinating the overall collaborative work of the UN system relating to Adaptation at the programme level, while the UN Development Group (UNDG) is expected to advance relevant country-level operational activities. The UN Regional Commissions bring together stakeholders and advance common understandings and relevant work at the regional level. Guidance is provided by the UNFCCC Secretariat, with respect to concrete implementation actions called for by the Parties through existing agreements and as the negotiations progress. The process occasionally leads to identification of gaps and further requirements in activities, mandates and/or resources in important areas of relevance to adaptation, which would need to be conveyed to the Parties to UNFCCC for their consideration and possible action in the context of their common but differentiated responsibilities.

LIST OF ACRONYMS

CBD - Convention on Biological Diversity

CDM - Clean Development Mechanism

CEB - United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination

COP - Conference of the Parties

FAO - Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

GCOS - Global Climate Observing System

GEF - Global Environment Facility

HLCP - High Level Committee on Programmes of the CEB

IAEA - International Atomic Energy Agency

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IFAD - International Fund for Agricultural Development

ILO - International Labour Organization

IMO - International Maritime Organization

IMF - International Monetary Fund

IPCC - Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

ITU - International Telecommunication Union

LDCs - Least Developed Countries

MDGs - Millennium Development Goals

NAPAs - National Adaptation Programmes of Action

OHCHR - Office of the High-Commissioner for Human Rights

REDD - Reduction of emissions from deforestation and degradation

SIDS - Small Island Developing States

UN - United Nations

UNAIDS - Joint and Co-sponsored UN Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNCCD - UN Convention to Combat Desertification

UNCG - UN Communications Group

UNCTAD - United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

UN-DESA - UN Department of Economic & Social Affairs

UNDG - UN Development Group

UNDP - United Nations Development Programme

UN-ECE - UN Economic Commission for Europe

UN-ECA - UN Economic Commission for Africa

UN-ECLAC - UN Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

UNEP - United Nations Environment Programme

UN-ESCAP - UN Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific

UNESCO - United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

UN-ESCWA - UN Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

UNFCCC - UN Framework Convention on Climate Change

UNFPA - United Nations Population Fund

UN-HABITAT - UN Human Settlements Programme

UNHCR - Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund

UNIDO - United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNIFEM – United Nations Development Fund for Women

UNISDR - UN International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

UNITAR - United Nations Institute for Training and Research

UN-OCHA - UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
UNRWA - United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

UNU - United Nations University

UNWTO - World Tourism Organization

UPU - Universal Postal Union

WB - The World Bank

WFP - World Food Programme

WHO - World Health Organization

WIPO - World Intellectual Property Organization

WMO - World Meteorological Organization

WTO - World Trade Organization